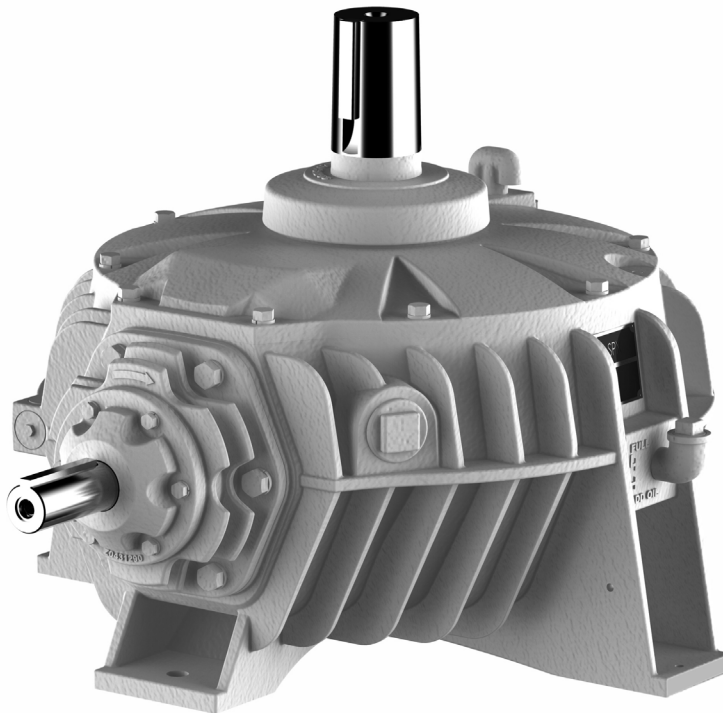


2800 Series Geareducer®

INSTALLATION - OPERATION - MAINTENANCE

Z0927175_A ISSUED 06/2017

READ AND UNDERSTAND THIS MANUAL PRIOR TO OPERATING OR SERVICING THIS PRODUCT.



maintenance schedule

Maintenance Service	Monthly	Semi-annually	Seasonal Startup or Annually
Geareducer Drive:			
Inspect and tighten all fasteners including oil plug		x	x
Check for and repair oil leaks	x	x	x
Check oil level	x	R	x
Change oil		R	R
Make sure vent is open		x	x
Check driveshaft or coupling alignment			x
Inspect and tighten driveshaft or coupling fasteners			x
Check driveshaft or coupling bushing / flex elements for unusual wear			x
Lube Lines (if equipped)			
Check for oil leaks in hoses and fittings	x	R	x

R – Refer to instructions within this manual

Note: It is recommended at least weekly, that the general operation and condition be observed. Pay particular attention to any changes in sound or vibration that may signify a need for closer inspection.

operation and service instructions

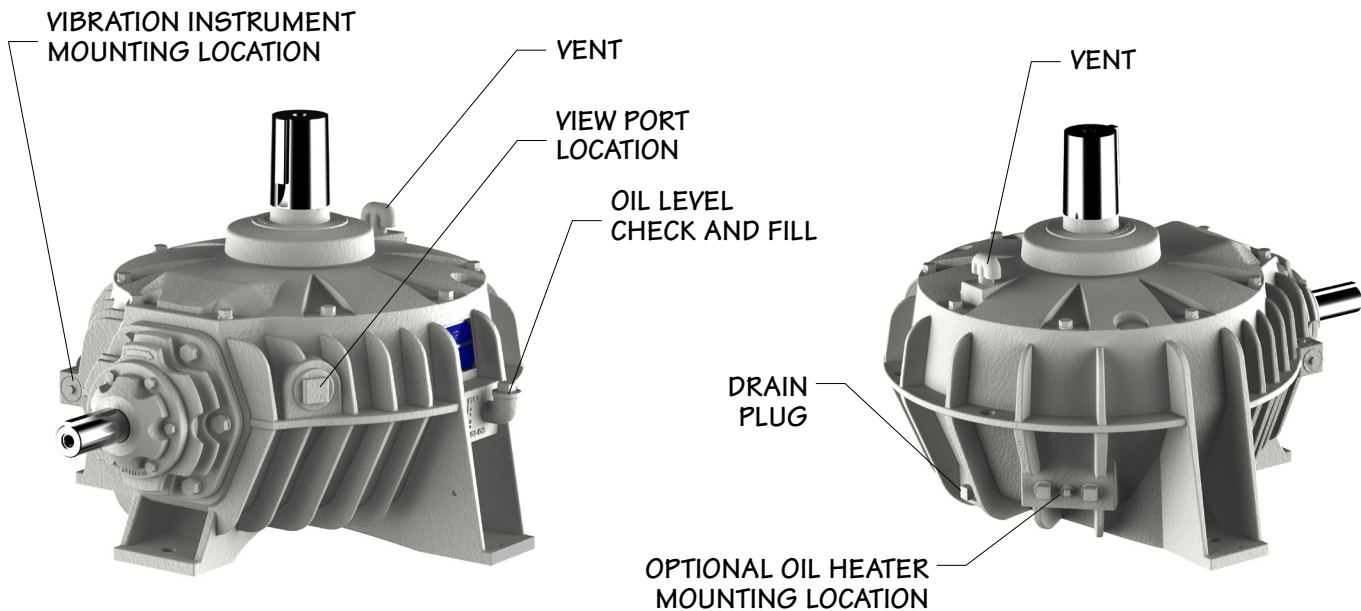


FIGURE 1 Service Fittings

INITIAL PROTECTION AGAINST CORROSION

As shipped, a Marley Geareducer is protected internally against corrosion with machine enamel on unmachined parts and with rust-proofing oil and grease on machined surfaces. These coatings normally protect the Geareducer against atmospheric corrosion for storage periods up to six months. However, if oil is added to the Geareducer, it will dissolve the rust-proofing grease and oil, requiring the Geareducer to be operated once a week to keep a protective coating of oil on all interior machined surfaces.

Check Geareducer exterior. If exterior finish has been damaged during shipment or installation, touch up with epoxy paint as required. If Geareducer is equipped with a remote dipstick/oil level gauge and/or drain line, coat any exposed threads at pipe joints to prevent corrosion.

INITIAL OPERATION

The Geareducer must be filled with oil to the full oil level mark on the Geareducer case before it is placed in operation. See **Changing Geareducer Oil** section for oil filling instructions.

Geareducers supplied with new towers include oil for the initial filling. Oil is not furnished with Geareducers supplied as spares

or on replacement orders. Before operating the mechanical equipment, check to be sure the oil level is at the full mark at the Geareducer and that the external gauge placard (if equipped) full mark corresponds with the "Full" level in the Geareducer. Check any oil lines to be sure there are no leaks.

Be certain that the vent on the Geareducer (and external dipstick/oil level gauge, if present) is not plugged.

In order to assure long service life, the Geareducer and motor must be level, and the drive shaft or coupling must be properly aligned. Refer to the alignment instructions in the Driveshaft or Coupling User Manual shipped with the cooling tower. Copies are also available from your local Marley sales representative or at spxcooling.com.

Note—If the tower is equipped with a two-speed motor, allow a time delay of at least 20 seconds when switching from high speed to low speed. Allow a time delay of at least two minutes when changing direction of fan rotation. Failure to provide these delays may significantly reduce equipment service life.



operation and service instructions

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE

Warning—Make certain that mechanical equipment is inoperable during periods of maintenance—or during any situation of possible endangerment to personnel. If your electrical system contains a disconnect switch, lock it out until the period of exposure to injury is over.

Monthly—Check Geareducer oil level. Shut down the unit and allow 5 minutes for the oil level to stabilize. Add oil if required, noting the addition in your maintenance log. If equipped with an external dipstick/oil level gauge, small quantities of oil can be added at that location.

Semi-annually—If using turbine-type mineral oil, change oil—see Changing Geareducer Oil for instructions. Check that all the assembly bolts and cap screws are tight, that oil plugs and pipe connections are in place and free from leaks, and that the vent on the Geareducer (and external dipstick/oil level gauge, if present) is clear—a clogged vent can lead to oil leaks. Intermittent operation and extended periods of downtime can cause condensation of water in the oil. If using Marley Gearlube, the oil condition must be inspected every six months—see Changing Geareducer Oil for maximizing service life.

Annually—Check mechanical equipment anchor bolts, drive shaft coupling bolts, and coupling set screws. Tighten as required. Check Geareducer exterior yearly and touch up with epoxy paint if required. Coat all exposed threads at pipe joints to prevent corrosion.

Every 5 Years—If using Marley synthetic Gearlube, change oil. To maintain five-year change intervals, use only Marley Gearlube. It is recommended to monitor the oil condition every six months throughout the five-year period per the instructions in Changing Geareducer Oil.

LUBRICANTS

To ensure maximum performance and service life, it is recommended Marley factory lubricants be used in all Marley Geareducers. Marley lubricants can be purchased through your local Marley sales representative.

If lubricants other than Marley factory lubricants are used, they must not contain any additives (such as detergents or EP additives) which are adversely affected by moisture and could reduce the service life of the Geareducer. The responsibility for use of lubricants other than Marley factory lubricants rests with the customer/owner and the lubricant supplier.

Seasonal temperature changes may require one viscosity of oil for summer operation and another for winter operation. Refer to the tables below for the seasonal selection information.

Winter or Summer	Severe Duty/High Temperature
Air Temperature at Geareducer	
Below 110°F (43°C)	Above 110°F (43°C)
ISO 150	ISO 220

Table 1 Oil viscosity

operation and service instructions

CHANGING GEAREDUCER OIL

Drain the Geareducer oil by removing the drain plug. See **Figure 1** for location. If equipped with an external dipstick/oil level gauge, remove the drain plug at that location, and drain the entire system.

To maximize service life of the Geareducer, remove a sample from the drained oil and look for evidence of foreign material, such as water, metal shavings or sludge, or send the oil sample to an oil analysis lab for inspection. If you find unacceptable condensation or sludge, flush the Geareducer with mineral oil before refilling.

After inspection is complete, fill the Geareducer with **6.25 gallons** (24 liters) of oil. See **Figure 1** for location. If the Geareducer is equipped with an external dipstick/oil level gauge an additional 3 to 4 quarts of oil will be required. Be certain that the vent on the Geareducer (and external dipstick/oil level gauge, if present) is not plugged. Verify that the gauge/drain line is full and that there aren't any leaks at the connections.

Alternate procedure:

If the cooling tower has an external oil gauge and drain line equipped with a three-way valve below the oil level gauge. See **Figure 2**.

1. Remove pipe plug. Turn valve control stem clockwise to open drain.
2. With Geareducer drained, the three-way valve turned clockwise, and the pipe plug removed, connect fill source (usually a hose to a pump, to the three-way valve).

Pump oil through the hose. Check oil level occasionally by turning the valve control stem counterclockwise and allowing the oil level in the sight glass to stabilize. Continue filling until full level mark is reached.

3. With the oil level at the full mark turn the valve control stem counterclockwise to close the drain and open the valve to the sight glass. Remove the oil filling line and reinstall pipe plug in the three-way valve.

REPAIR AND OVERHAUL

The Model 2800 Geareducer is assembled using specialized tools and fixtures. Bearings and gear sets are unique and not available from other sources. Geareducers can be repaired in the field—however, major repairs require the use of a fully equipped machine shop. Refer to the **Field Repair** section of this manual for further instructions.

If your Geareducer ever needs repair or replacement, Marley recommends returning the unit to a Marley factory service center. Contact your Marley sales representative to discuss course of action. A factory reconditioned Geareducer carries a one year warranty. The Marley Order Number on your cooling tower will be required if the Geareducer is shipped back to the factory for repair. Obtain a **“Customer Return Material”** tag from the Marley sales representative in your area.

To find your Marley sales representative call 800 462 7739 or visit at spxcooling.com.

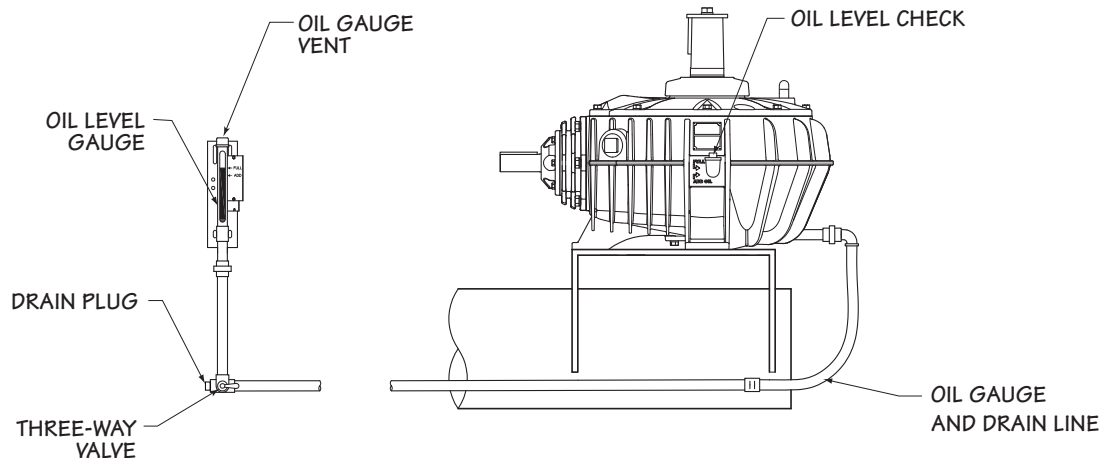


FIGURE 2 Service Fittings

parts list

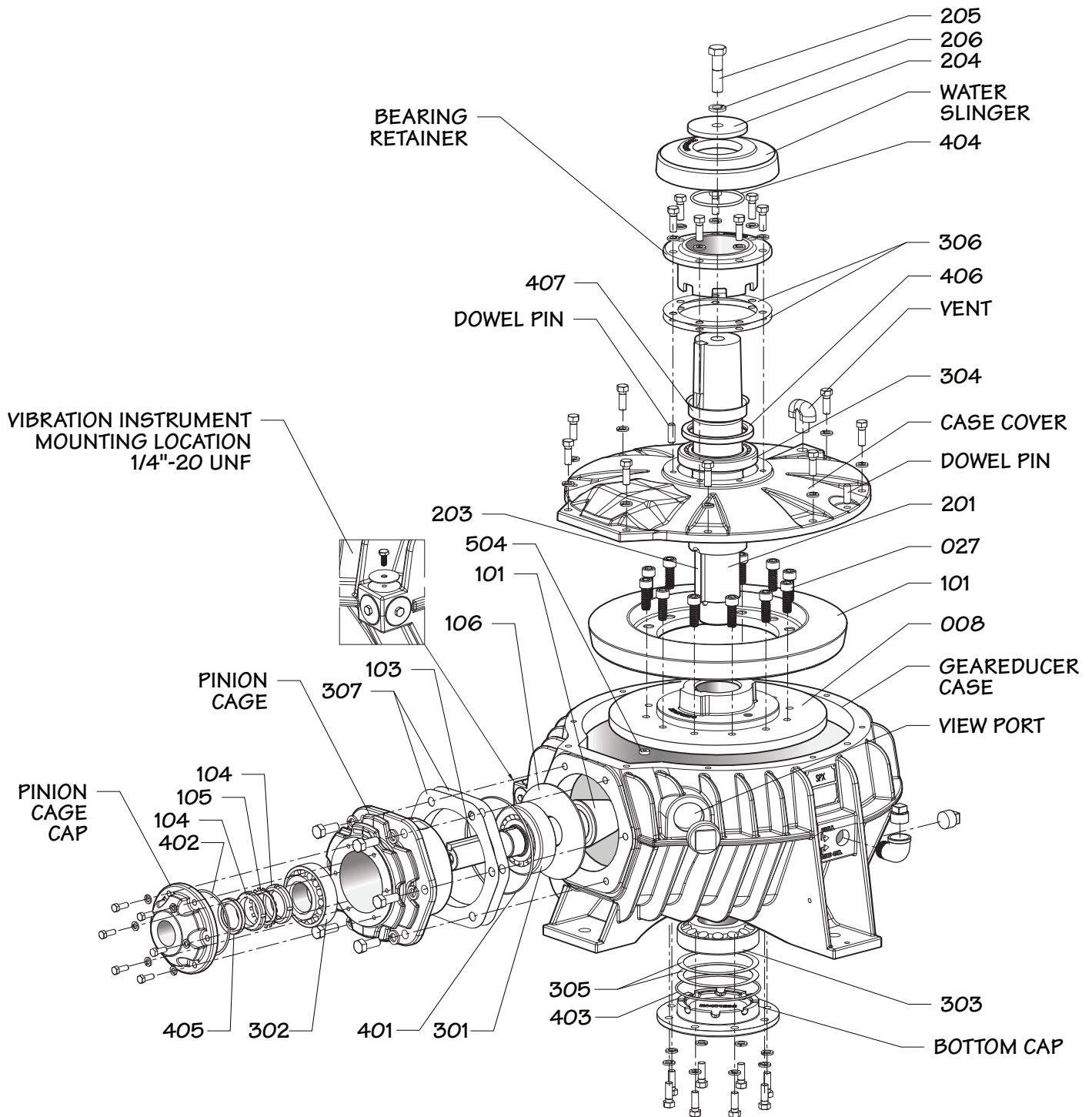


FIGURE 3

parts list

PARTS LIST

1 Complete Geareducer Assembly

100 Spiral Bevel Gear Set

- 008** Ring Gear Hub
- 101** Set of Matched Spiral Bevel Gears, including integral pinion shaft with key
Gear Ratios as follows: 5.07:1 5.46:1 6.15:1 6.82:1 7.90:1
- 027** Ring Gear Attaching Hardware
- 103** Pinion Key
- 104** Lock Nut
- 105** Lock Washer
- 106** Oil Slinger

200 Fan Shaft Set

- 201** Fan Shaft
- 202** Fan Key
- 203** Ring Gear Hub Key
- 204** Fan Retention Washer
- 205** Fan Retention Cap Screw
- 206** Fan Retention Lock Washer

Pinion Shaft Bearings

- 301** Head Tapered Roller Bearing
- 302** Tail Tapered Roller Bearing

Fan Shaft Bearings

- 303** Lower Tapered Roller Bearing
- 304** Upper Tapered Roller Bearing

Shim Packs

- 305** Fan Shaft Shims
- 306** Retainer Shims
- 307** Pinion Cage Shims

O-Rings

- 401** Pinion Cage O-ring
- 402** Pinion Cage Cap O-ring
- 403** Bottom Cap O-ring
- 404** Water Slinger O-ring

Seals

- 405** Pinion Shaft Oil Seal
- 406** Fan Shaft Seal
- 407** Fan Shaft Wear Sleeve

Miscellaneous

- 500** Oil Heater Element (not shown)
- 504** Magnet

field repair

GENERAL

Geareducers can be repaired in the field—however, major repairs require the use of a fully equipped machine shop. When field repair or replacement of parts is necessary, the following procedure is recommended for the disassembly and assembly of the unit. If any O-ring, oil seal or gasket is to be reused, care should be taken not to damage it during disassembly. Parts which contain O-rings or seals should not be jerked or twisted past a shoulder or edge. These parts are marked with an asterisk (*) in the description below. O-rings, oil seal and gaskets should be carefully inspected for damage before being reinstalled. Marley recommends that new O-rings and oil seals be installed during a major overhaul.

DISASSEMBLY

Part numbers and references—refer to Figure 3.

1. Drain oil.
2. Remove outer ring of bolts in pinion cage and remove pinion subassembly*.

Note—The thickness of the shim pack (307) is important in resetting the gears. The shim pack should either be saved or carefully measured with a micrometer. If the gears are to be replaced, record the pinion setting distance that is etched on the pinion gear. See **Figure 4**.

3. Remove water slinger*.
4. Remove bearing retainer and shim pack (306) from top of case.

Note—The thickness of this shim pack is important in the endplay setting of the gears. The shim pack should either be saved or carefully measured with a micrometer.

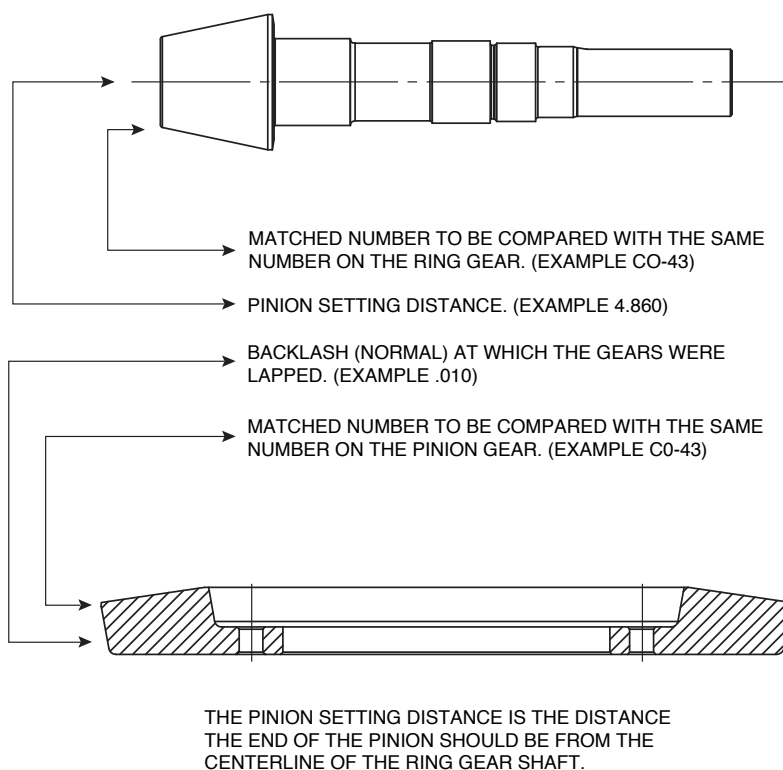


FIGURE 4 Gear Match Numbers and Setting Data

field repair

5. Drive dowel pins down into case.
6. Remove bolts, pry case cover off and lift fan shaft assembly out of the case.
7. Turn case over and remove bottom cap and shim pack **(305)***.

Note—The thickness of this shim pack is important in setting the backlash. This pack should be saved or carefully measured with a micrometer.

8. Remove bearing cups **(303 and 304)** from the Geareducer case and cover.

PINION CAGE DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove pinion cage cap* from pinion cage.
2. Remove O-ring* **(402)**.
3. Remove locknuts and lockwasher **(104 and 105)** then press pinion shaft **(101)** out of pinion cage. This will free tail bearing cone **(302)**. Remove O-ring* **(401)** from pinion cage.
4. Press oil slinger **(106)** and head bearing cone **(301)** from the pinion shaft.
5. Press bearing cups **(301 and 302)** out of pinion cage.

FAN SHAFT DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove ring gear **(101)** from the ring gear hub **(008)**.
2. Press fan shaft **(201)** through lower bearing cone **(303)** and ring gear hub **(008)**.
3. Remove lower fan shaft key **(203)**.
4. Press fan shaft **(201)** through upper bearing cone **(304)**.

ASSEMBLY

Before assembling a new pinion gear in the pinion cage, check match numbers on pinion gear and spiral bevel ring gear to be certain that they are a matched set. Gears are lapped in matched sets at the factory and should not be separated. Numbers are etched on both the pinion and ring gear as illustrated in **Figure 4**.

All parts that are to be reused should be thoroughly cleaned before being reinstalled. It is recommended to replace all bearing assemblies.

PINION CAGE SUBASSEMBLY

1. Place oil slinger **(106)** on pinion shaft. It is recommended to heat the slinger on an induction (bearing) heater so that it may be slid over the shaft.
2. Press head bearing cone **(301)** on pinion shaft making sure oil slinger and bearing are against gear.
3. Press bearing cups **(301 and 302)** into pinion cage.
4. Lower pinion cage on pinion shaft, until head bearing cone and cup mate.
5. Press tail bearing cone **(302)** on pinion shaft until it mates with its bearing cup. Do not over engage. Pinion cage should rotate freely.
6. Install locknuts and lockwasher **(104 and 105)**. Tighten nuts on bearing cone until 8 to 15 in·lbf (904-1695 mN·m) of bearing preload is obtained. Bearing preload is the resistance in the bearings to shaft rotation measured in in·lbf required to rotate the shaft at uniform velocity. Preload is necessary to ensure gear mesh stability and to maximize bearing life. Bend tab(s) on lockwasher to secure locknut in place.
7. Install O-ring **(401)** in groove on pinion cage.
8. Press pinion shaft seal **(405)** into pinion cage cap.
9. Install pinion cage cap onto pinion cage by gently sliding over pinion shaft (without key) taking care not to damage pinion shaft seal.
10. Tighten pinion cage cap screws to 25 ft·lbf (34 N·m).
11. Record the pinion setting distance that is etched on the pinion gear. See **Figure 4**.

INSTALLATION OF FAN SHAFT

1. Press ring gear hub **(008)** and the upper and lower bearing cones **(303 and 304)** on the fan shaft **(201)**. Install ring gear **(101)** on ring gear hub and tighten cap screws to 115 ft·lbf (156 N·m).
2. Install the bottom cap using old shim pack or make up equivalent thickness shim pack **(305)**. Torque bolts to 45 ft·lbf (6 N·m).
3. Align and tap lower fan shaft bearing cup **(303)** into position.
4. Install fan shaft assembly in case.
5. Align and tap upper fan shaft bearing cup **(304)** into position. Apply a bead of sealant to the cover flange inboard of the bolt holes. Install cover on case. Install dowel pins in cover and drive flush with top of cover.
6. Install cap screws and tighten to 45 ft·lbf (61 N·m).

field repair

7. Install bearing retainer using old shim pack (306) or equivalent thickness and tighten cap screws to 45 ft·lbf (61 N·m).
8. Measure fan shaft end play with a dial indicator on a surface normal to the plane of rotation. Lift shaft axially with no more than 500 lbf and rotate slowly until all movement stops. Zero the dial indicator. Lower shaft (zero lifting load) and rotate shaft until axial movement stops. End play will be read directly from the dial indicator. Adjust the fan shaft bearings to .001-.003" (.025-.076mm) end play. The end play is adjusted by adding or removing shims (306) under the bearing retainer.

INSTALLATION OF PINION CAGE

1. Find the difference between the pinion setting distance of the old gear and the new pinion gear and adjust the old shim pack (307) or make a new shim pack to compensate for the different setting distances.

Example:

Pinion setting distance of old gear	6.505
Pinion setting distance of new gear	6.500
Difference	.005

Remove .005 from shim pack.

2. Engage pinion gear tooth with "X" marked on end between ring gear teeth marked with "Xs". Care must be taken not to damage the pinion gear teeth by forcing them into the ring gear teeth.
3. Install pinion cage subassembly into case and tighten cap screws to 75 ft·lbf (102 N·m).

GEAR SETTING PROCEDURE

The proper mounting of the gear set is essential to obtain long life and smooth operation of the gears. The pinion and ring gears were positioned approximately in the preceding steps. The correct gear position is determined by the gear backlash.

1. With the "X" marked tooth on the pinion gear engaged between the two "X" marked teeth on the ring gear, check the backlash with a dial indicator as shown in **Figure 5**. Lock the pinion shaft against rotation. The amount of movement of the fan shaft, measured at a distance equal to the outside radius (9.5") of the ring gear is the backlash. Obtain backlash setting by adjusting ring gear axially by removing or adding shims (305) at bottom bearing cap.

Note—To maintain the previous fan shaft bearing endplay adjustment, a corresponding shim (306) adjustment must be made at the bearing retainer.

Example: Removing .003" shims at the bottom bearing cap requires the addition of .003" shims at the bearing retainer to maintain correct bearing adjustment.

Recheck the backlash to make sure it is within the proper limits.

3. After the equivalent backlash setting has been obtained with the marked teeth in mesh, check the backlash at two other points on the ring gear (points approximately 120° apart). If necessary, adjust shim stack-up at bottom bearing to result in all three measurements being within a range of -.003" to +.006" of the primary marked reference. An attempt should be made to obtain a primary reading close to the reference value while still meeting the tolerance for the other two measurement locations.

FINAL ASSEMBLY

1. Remove bottom cap and apply a bead of sealant to the bottom cap flange inboard of the bolt holes. Reinstall the bottom bearing cap and tighten the cap screws to 45 ft·lbf (61 N·m).
2. Install O-ring (404) in water slinger.
3. Apply assembly grease to fan shaft and install water slinger ensuring slinger is fully seated into the bearing retainer.
4. Replace air vent and all pipe plugs.
5. Fill with lubricant selected from **Table 1**.

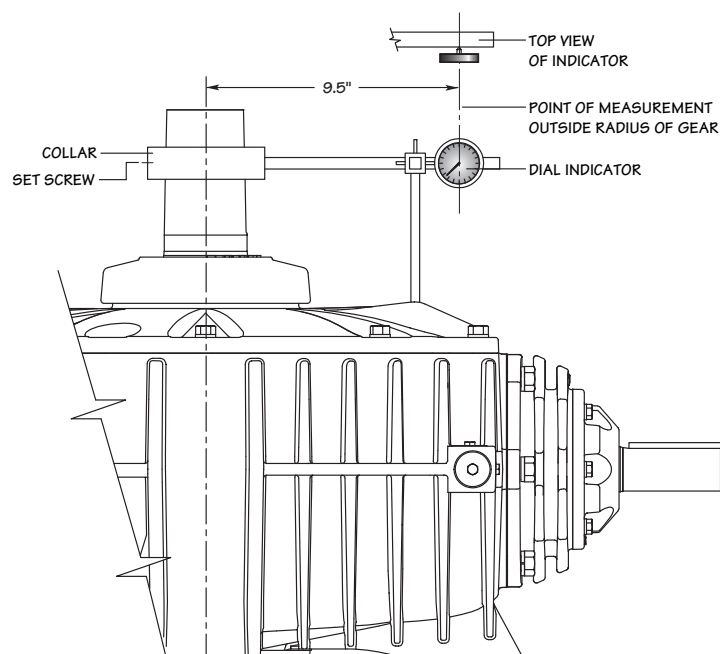


FIGURE 5 Gear Backlash Measurement

SPX COOLING TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

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Z0927175_A | ISSUED 06/2017
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